Examination Content Outline

The following outline is a list of topics for each part of the examination. Not every topic on the list will necessarily appear on the examination and the list should not be viewed as all-inclusive. Some topics may appear in more than one examination part. This list is also available at [www.prometric.com/see](http://www.prometric.com/see).

### Part 1 - Individuals

1. Preliminary Work and Taxpayer Data – 17 Questions

1.1. Preliminary work to prepare tax returns
- Use of prior years’ returns for comparison, accuracy, and carryovers for current year’s return
- Taxpayer biographical information (e.g., date of birth, marital status, dependents, identity protection PIN)
- Residency status and/or citizenship (e.g., citizen, visas, green cards, resident alien or non-resident alien)
- Filing requirements and due date
- Taxpayer filing status (e.g., Single, head of household)
- Sources of all worldwide taxable and non-taxable income (e.g., interest, wages, business, sales of property, dividends, rental income, flow-through entities, alimony received)
- Sources of applicable exclusions and adjustments to gross income (e.g., foreign earned income exclusion, retirement plans, HSAs, alimony paid, health insurance, self-employment tax)
- Sources of applicable deductions (e.g., itemized, standard)
- Personal and dependency exemptions
- Sources of applicable credits (e.g., education, foreign tax, retirement, dependent care)
- Sources of tax payments and refundable credits (e.g., withholding, estimated payments, earned income tax credit)
- Previous IRS correspondence with taxpayer
- Additional required returns filed and taxes paid (e.g., employment, gifts, and information returns)
- Special filing requirements (e.g. foreign income, presidentially declared disaster areas, Form 1040-NR)
- Foreign account and asset reporting (e.g., FBAR, Form 8938)
- Minor children’s unearned income (Kiddie tax)
- ACA requirements (e.g., health insurance coverage, total household income, advanced premium tax credit, exemptions)
- Taxability of wages, salaries and other earnings (e.g., earned income, statutory employee, tips)

2. Income and Assets -21 Questions

2.1. Income
- Taxability of wages, salaries and other earnings (e.g., earned income, statutory employee, tips)
- Interest Income (e.g., taxable and non-taxable)
- Dividends and other distributions from mutual funds, corporations, and other entities (e.g., qualified dividends)
- Rental income and expenses including: depreciation, vacation homes, not-for-profit rentals, personal property
- Gambling income and allowable deductions (e.g., Form W-2G, documentation)
- Tax treatment of forgiveness of debt (e.g., Form 1099C, foreclosures)
- Tax treatment of a U.S. citizen/resident with foreign income (e.g., individual tax treaties, Form 2555, Form 3520 and Form 5471)
- Other income (e.g., scholarships, barter income, hobby income, alimony, non-taxable combat pay, unearned income, taxable recoveries, NOL, virtual currency)
- Constructive receipt of income
- Constructive dividends (e.g., payments of personal expenses from a business entity)
- Passive income and loss (e.g., loss limitations)
- Pass-through entities (e.g., Schedule K-1, income, deductions, basis)
- Royalties and related expenses
- State/local income tax refund and other itemized deduction recoveries
- 1099 MISC reporting, irregularities, and corrections

2.2. Retirement income
- Basis in a traditional IRA (Form 8606)
- Comparison of and distributions from traditional and Roth IRAs
- Distributions from qualified and non-qualified plans (e.g., pre-tax, after-tax, rollovers, Form 1099R)
- Excess contributions and tax treatment (e.g., penalties)
- Prohibited transactions and tax effects
- IRA conversions and recharacterization (Form 8606)
- Required minimum distributions and excess accumulations
- Loans from IRC section 401(k) plans and other qualified plans
- Taxability of Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits
- Taxability of net unrealized appreciation (NUA)
- Tax implications for inherited retirement accounts
- Foreign pensions and retirement income

2.3. Property, real and personal
- Sale or disposition of property including depreciation recapture rules and 1099A
- Capital gains and losses (e.g., netting effect, short-term, long-term, mark-to-market)
- Basis of assets (e.g., purchased, gifted or inherited)
- Basis of stock after stock splits and/or stock dividends (e.g., research, schedules, brokerage records)
- Publicly traded partnerships (PTP) (e.g., sales, dispositions, losses)
- Sale of a personal residence (e.g., IRC sec 121 exclusions)
- Installment sales (e.g., related parties, original cost, date of acquisition, possible recalculations and recharacterization)
- Options (e.g., stock, commodity, ISO, ESPP)
- Like-kind exchange
- Non-business bad debts
- Investor versus trader

2.4. Self-employment tax
- Self-employment tax
- Retirement contribution limits and deductibility (e.g., earned compensation requirements)
- Health savings accounts
- Other adjustments to income (e.g., student loan interest, alimony, moving expenses, write-in adjustments)
- Self-Employed Health Insurance

- Charitable contributions (e.g., cash, non-cash, 50% vs. 30%, documentation required)
- Nonbusiness casualty and theft losses
- Employee travel, transportation and entertainment expenses
- Other employee expenses (e.g., education, reimbursement, eligibility, home office)
- Allowed miscellaneous itemized deductions
- AGI limitations
- Allowed itemized deductions for Form 1040-NR

3.2. Credits
- Child and dependent care credit
- Child tax credits
- Education credits
- Foreign tax credit
- Earned income tax credit (e.g., paid preparer’s earned income credit checklist, eligibility and disallowance)
- Retirement contribution credit
- Adoption credits (e.g., carryovers, limitations, special needs)
- ACA net premium tax credit
- Other credits (refundable and non-refundable) (e.g., health coverage tax credit, general business credit)

4. Taxation and Advice - 14 Questions

4.1. Taxation
- Alternative minimum tax
- Credit for prior year minimum tax
- Penalties and exceptions on premature distributions from qualified retirement plans and IRAs
- Household employees
- Underpayment penalties and interest
- Conditions for filing a claim for refund (e.g., amended returns)
- Self-employment tax
- Excess Social Security withholding
- Tax provisions for members of the clergy
- Income in respect of decedent (e.g., allocations)
- Healthcare individual responsibility payment and exceptions
- Net investment income tax
- Additional Medicare tax
- Uncollected Social Security and Medicare tax
- Other taxes (e.g., first time homebuyer credit repayment)

4.2. Advising the individual taxpayer
- Reporting obligations for individuals
- Property sales (e.g., homes, stock, businesses)
- Education planning (e.g., lifetime learning credit, IRC section 529 plans)
- Estate planning (e.g., gift versus inheritance, trusts, family partnerships, charitable giving, LTC, life insurance)
- Retirement planning (e.g., annuities, IRAs, employer plans, early retirement rules, required minimum distribution, beneficiary ownership)
- Marriage and divorce (e.g., divorce settlement, common-law, community property)
- Items that will affect future/past returns (e.g., carryovers, net operating loss, Schedule D, Form 8801)
- Injured spouse
- Innocent spouse
- Estimated tax and penalty avoidance
- Adjustments, deductions, and credits for tax planning (e.g., timing of income and expenses)
- Character of transaction (e.g., use of capital gain rates versus ordinary income rates)
- Advantages and disadvantages of MFJ/MFS/HOH filing statuses in various scenarios.

5. Specialized Returns for Individuals – 12 Questions

5.1. Estate Tax
- Gross estate
- Taxable estate: calculations and payments
- Unified credit
- Jointly-held property
- Life insurance and taxable estate
- Marital deduction and other marital issues (e.g., portability election)
- IRAs and retirement plans
- Filing requirements

5.2. Gift Tax
- Gift-splitting
- Annual per donee exclusion
- Unified credit
- Effect on estate tax (e.g., Generation skipping transfer tax)
- Filing requirements

5.3. FBAR
- Filing requirements and due dates
- Covered accounts
- Potential penalties
- Distinctions between FBAR and Form 8938 requirements